

Application Form

(return completed form to address on back)

Date:

Name:

Postal address:

Telephone:

Email:

Organisation (if applicable):

I wish to apply for Land for Wildlife registration for my property at:

How did you hear about Land for Wildlife?

Photos L-R: Red-eyed Treefrog, Wombat Berry, Tawny Frogmouths.

Robust Velvet Gecko by Steve Wilson, rehabilitated wetland by John Bowden, rainforest workshop by Stephanie Reif, fungi by Deborah Metters, wildlife-friendly fencing by Redland IndigiScapes Centre, Boobook Owls by Alan and Stacey Franks, Hollow Log Homes. All other photographs © Queensland Museum.



Australian Government



Land for Wildlife began in Victoria in 1981. In Queensland, the program is administered by Greening Australia and delivered by Local Governments and community organisations.

In South East Queensland, a coordinated program is delivered by Local Governments and the regional NRM body, SEQ Catchments.

www.seqcatchments.com.au/LFW_pop.htm

For more information please contact:

Pioneer Catchment & Landcare Group Inc.
PO Box 1076
Mackay Qld 4740
07 4944 1979
admin@pioneercatchment.org.au



Land for Wildlife landholders attend a native grass workshop, Pine Rivers Shire.

Support and Recognition for Private Landholders in Nature Conservation

What is Land for Wildlife?

Land for Wildlife is a voluntary program that encourages and assists landholders to provide habitat for wildlife on their properties. The program is free.

Whether you manage a large farm or small bush block, the Land for Wildlife program can offer you advice and assistance.

When you apply for Land for Wildlife, you will be visited by qualified extension staff who can offer you advice on:

- Integrating wildlife conservation with other land management activities.
- Local plants, animals, threatened species, ecosystems and their management.
- Incentives available to private landholders to create, protect and improve wildlife habitat.

Land for Wildlife also offers free workshops, field days, regular newsletters and opportunities to meet other like-minded landholders. A Land for Wildlife sign is provided free of charge to registered landholders to acknowledge their efforts in wildlife conservation.

Land for Wildlife status does not alter the legal status of a property, convey the right of public access, nor represent an official wildlife sanctuary.



Robust Velvet Gecko



Rehabilitated wetland



Does my property qualify?

Land for Wildlife welcomes landholders who:

- Manage part or all of their property as habitat for native plants and animals.
- Integrate nature conservation with other land uses, such as agriculture, grazing or tourism.
- Have a property generally over 1 hectare in size (exceptions may apply for educational, community-owned or other properties).

Land for Wildlife recognises the skills and commitment of landholders and is responsive to individual needs.

A “working towards” registration category is available for landholders who do not qualify for full registration at the first property visit. Advice will be given to help you to work towards full registration in the future.

Neighbouring properties may join together and apply for group registration.



Rainforest revegetation workshop



Blue Quandong

What can we achieve?

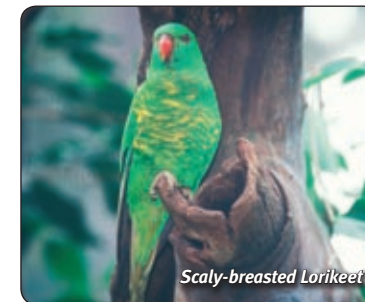
Your property can provide habitat for a range of native plants and animals. By protecting the structural diversity of native vegetation (eg. trees, shrubs, ground cover and leaf litter) you can create a variety of habitats.

Whether you are revegetating degraded land or protecting remnant rainforest, Land for Wildlife can offer advice on regeneration techniques and conservation management.

Many of Queensland’s rare plants and animals occur on private land and their survival depends on landholders to protect important ecosystems. Land for Wildlife can help you do this.

Together, landholders can link patches of habitat to provide corridors for wildlife to move across the landscape, facilitating genetic interchange.

Natural ecosystems can also offer economic benefits such as reduced soil erosion, improved soil structure, improved water quality, shade, shelter, pollination and fertilisation to ensure healthy and productive land.



Scaly-breasted Lorikeet



Wildlife friendly fencing



Boobook Owls in a nest box